

HOW TO REACH BIESTER PALACE



CONTACTS

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VISIT HOURS

Last entry Anril to Octobe 10.00 - 20.00 19.00 10.00 - 18.30 17.30





BIESTER The Park

Biester Park is a prodigious example of the best landscaping from the period, additionally accentuated by the talent of its author. The species we find in Biester Park are in some measure traverse with those of Parque da Pena, formed by a wide variety of exotic specimens imported from the four corners of the Earth; from the Camellias species originating in China and Japan, to the green and red Beeches of Central Europe, the Ferns from Australia and the north-American Fir trees, Biester Park contains

yet other species, considered rare at the time.

PENA CAVE

Pena cave is a natural formation of great beauty, placed on a rocky recess of Biester Park, in which a set of large rounded rocks seems to hang above the entrance to a covered area

Ticket office

Do not litter

Do not pick plants,

Fountain water not suitable for drinking

Do not light fires Do not smoke excep

in specified location Pets not allowed

The merit of its ostensibly aesthetic and nearly labyrinth design in slopes, goes to notorious French landscapist François Nogré, who bu the garden as a series of plateaus with different views to the Pala which a kaleidoscopic game of colors emerges, as the result of a the and unusual botanical choice; as we cover Biester Park, we will find sceneries oscillating between sobriety, elegance and exuberance, seasoned by different colors during the entire year, and with an exemplar aesthetic use of the natural beauty in slopes and water streams.

TREE SPECIES

MAIDENHAIR TREE



A tree native from China, where it was thought to be nearly extinct. It is the oldest arboreal species in the planet, which makes it highly prized by the cultures of various civilizations

BEECH TREE Fagus sylvatica purpure

These are large-sized deciduou trees, which can grow up to 40 meters in height; they can gain a dense and rich treetop, promoting the emergence of wildlife around them. Perhaps for this reason, they are associated with fertility and the feminine gender.

LONDON PLANE TREE CAMELIA

Biester Park's Plane Trees are among the biggest trees in the property, as they are very old specimens left to grow freely.

The species is worldwide famous for also being the plant of tea, as drank in China from ancestral times, and discovered by Europe through the presence of the Portuguese in 16th century Japan

Liquidambar is an arboreal species native of north-America and the mountainous regions of Mexico. It is a deciduous tree whose leafs in autumn may acquire a fabulous myriad of hues.

SWEETGUM TREE AUSTRALIAN TREE FERN

It is one of the most elegant species in Biester Park, having been integrated by landscapist François Nogré with the aim to disseminate a little of exoticism through some areas of the property



